# Florida Water and Climate Alliance 2016 Winter Workshop at the Peace River Facility Arcadia, Florida

Session 2-9:30 – 10:45 AM

Water Supply Planning in the Context of a Changing Environment

November 16, 2016

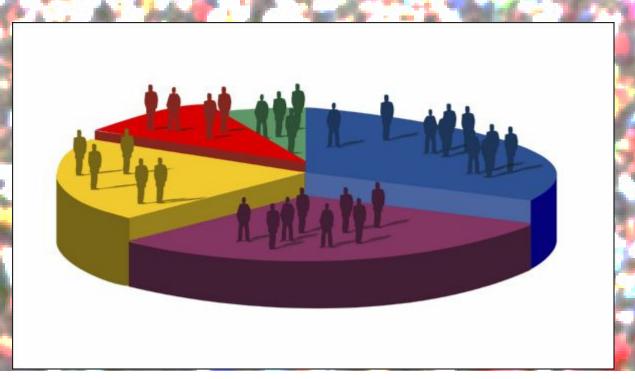


dem·o·graph·ics

/ demə grafiks/

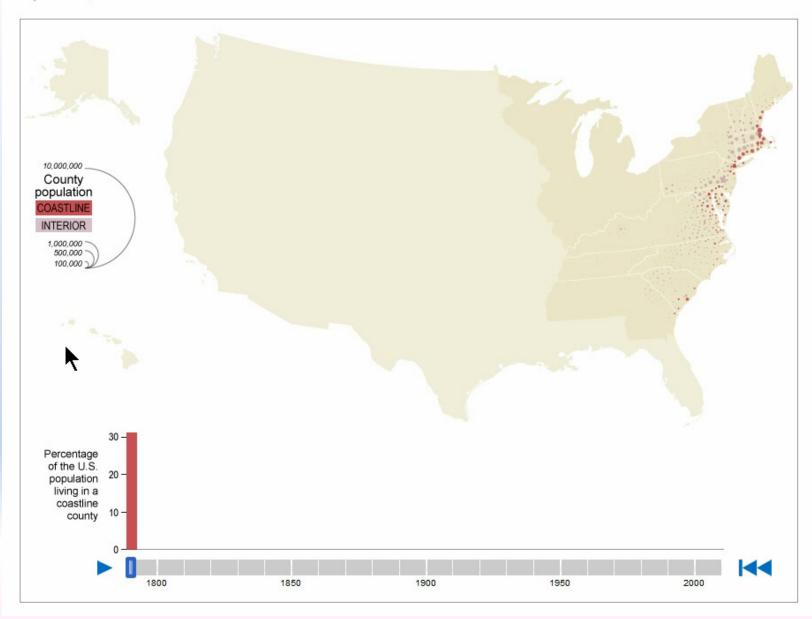
noun

statistical data relating to the population and particular groups within it.



#### **Coastline County Population**

September 6, 2012



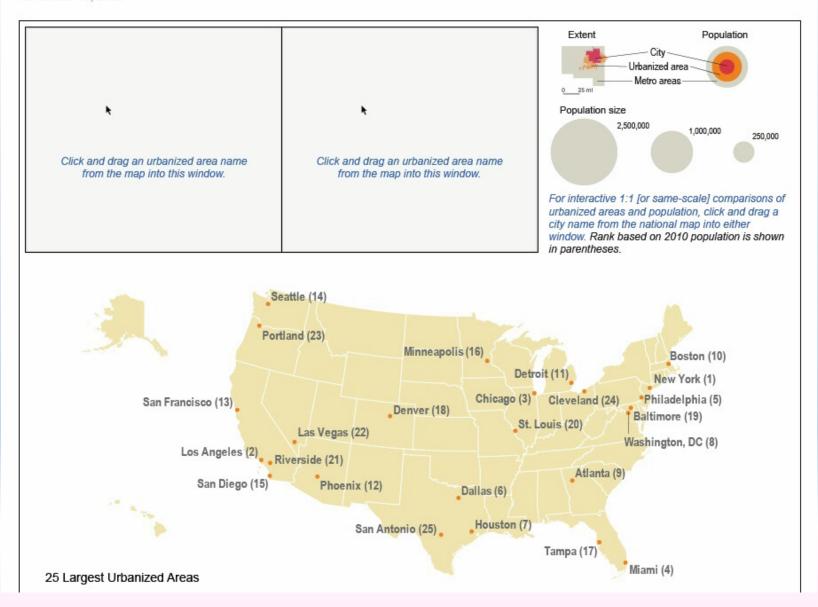
#### 2015 Population Estimates

- US Population in 2015 ~ 321 million
- Florida's population exceeded 20 million
  - Surpassed New York as 3<sup>rd</sup> most populous state

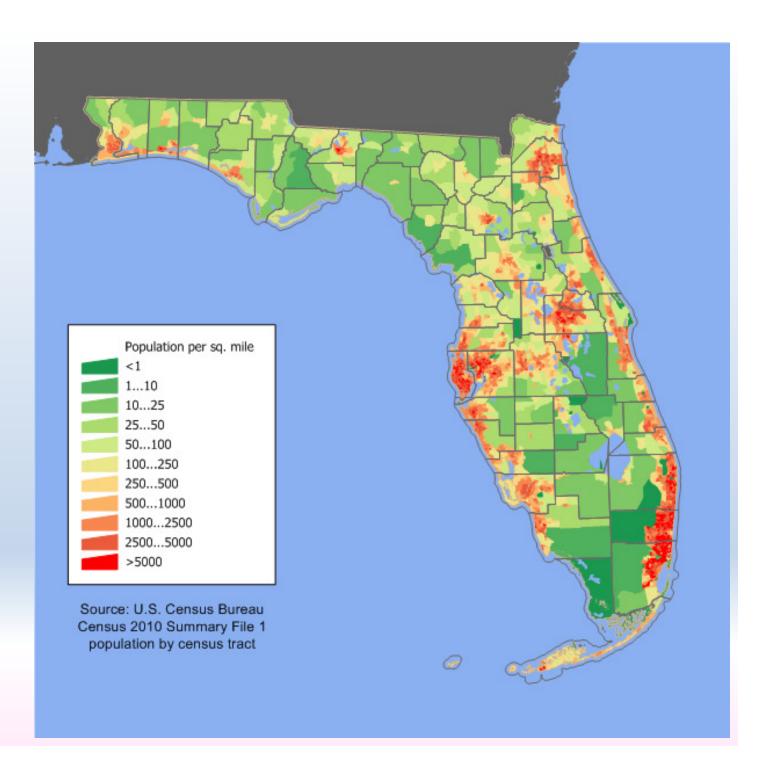
Rank in the fifty states, \$ 2015	State or territory \$	Population estimate, July 1, \$ 2015	Percent of total  U.S. pop.,   2015 <sup>[note 1]</sup>
1	California	39,144,818	12.18%
2	Texas	27,469,114	8.55%
3	<b>X</b> Florida	20,271,272	6.31%
4	New York	19,795,791	6.16%
5	# Illinois	12,859,995	4.00%
6	Pennsylvania	12,802,503	3.98%
7	<b>Ohio</b>	11,613,423	3.61%
8	Georgia	10,214,860	3.18%
9	North Carolina	10,042,802	3.12%
10	Michigan	9,922,576	3.11%

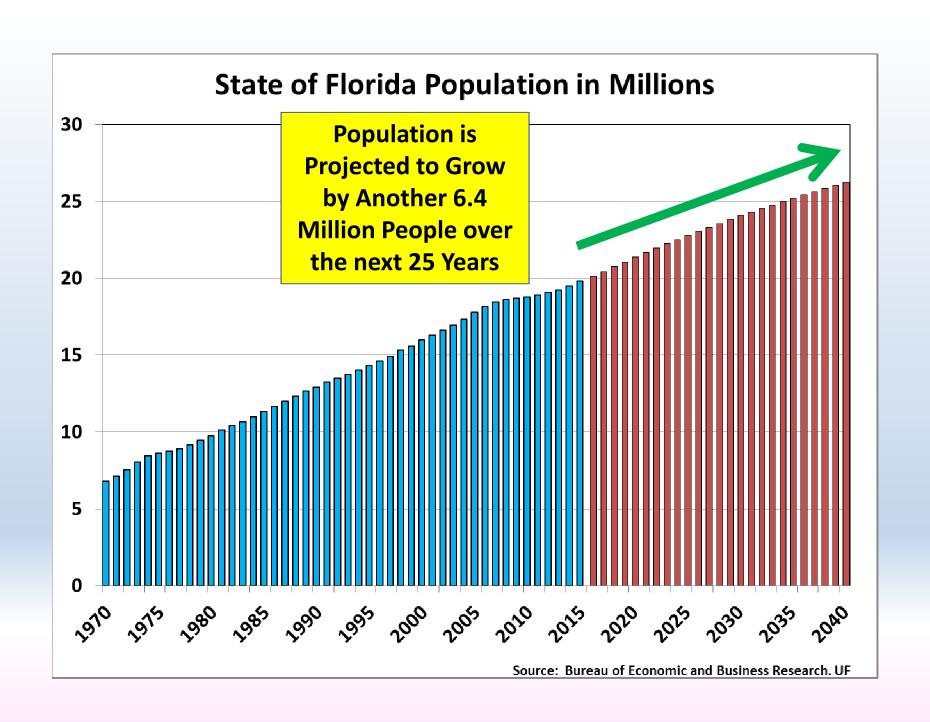
#### Largest Urbanized Areas With Selected Cities and Metro Areas

November 15, 2012



So Where do the People in Florida Live?





#### **State Water Supply Challenges**

6.4 Million New People

@

90 gpd/capita for domestic use

= 576 Mgal/day

of "new" water needed

over the next 25 years

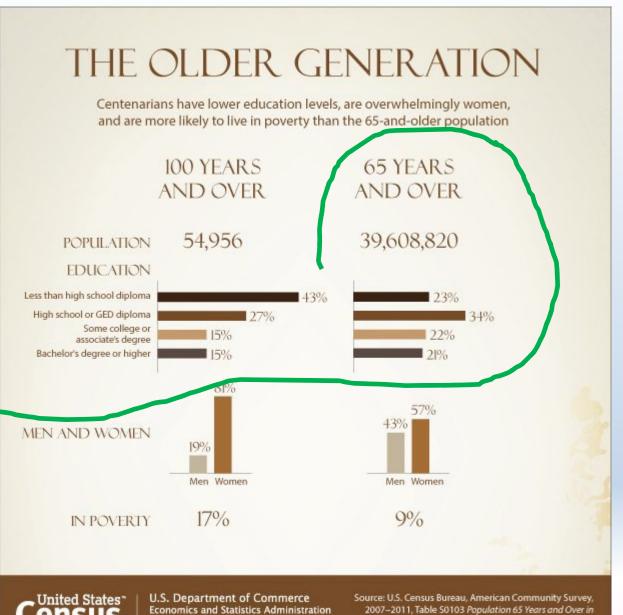
(this is roughly 1,800 acre\*ft/day)

## Two Major Demographic Shifts Looming for Florida

- Baby Boomers
- Immigration

The 2010 Census Revealed 39 Million "Senior Citizens"

**But that Does** not Reflect Baby **Boomers** who are Now Adding to these Ranks

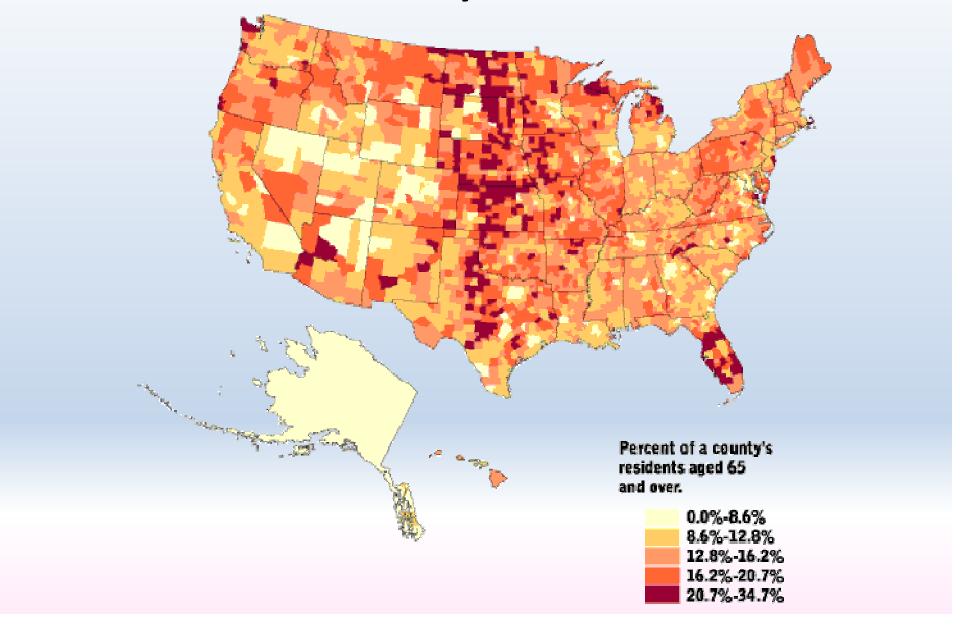




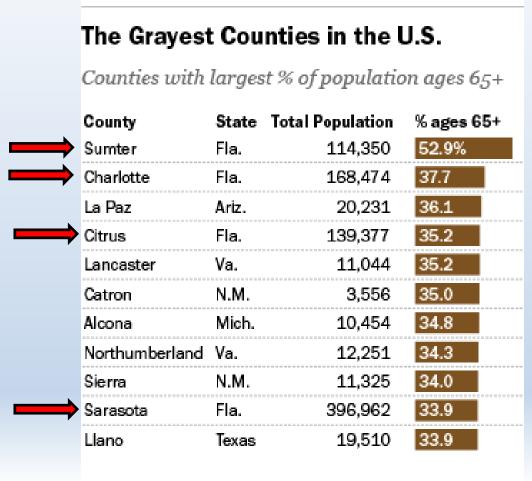
U.S. CENSUS BUREAU census.gov

the United States, and unpublished tabulation.

### In the 2010 Census, the Heartland Exhibited Broad Senior Density from North to South



#### Florida has 4 of the "Grayest" Counties in the US



Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2014 population estimates

PEW RESEARCH CENTER





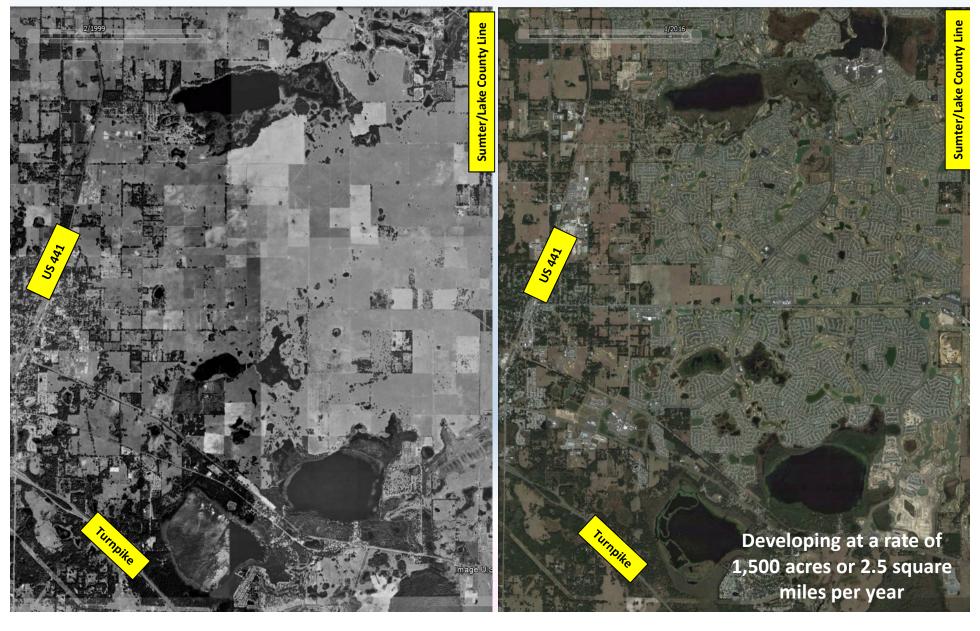


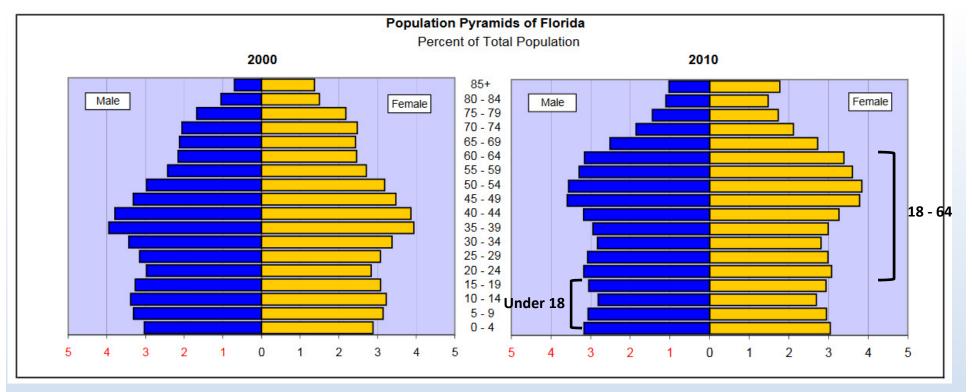




The Villages: 1999

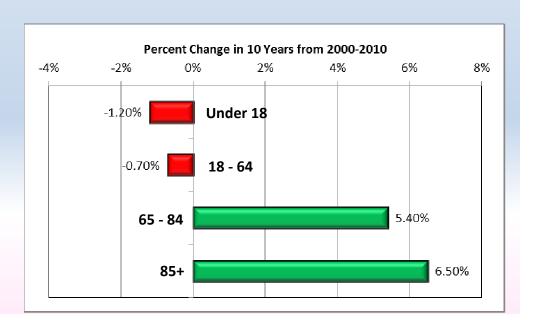
The Villages: 2016

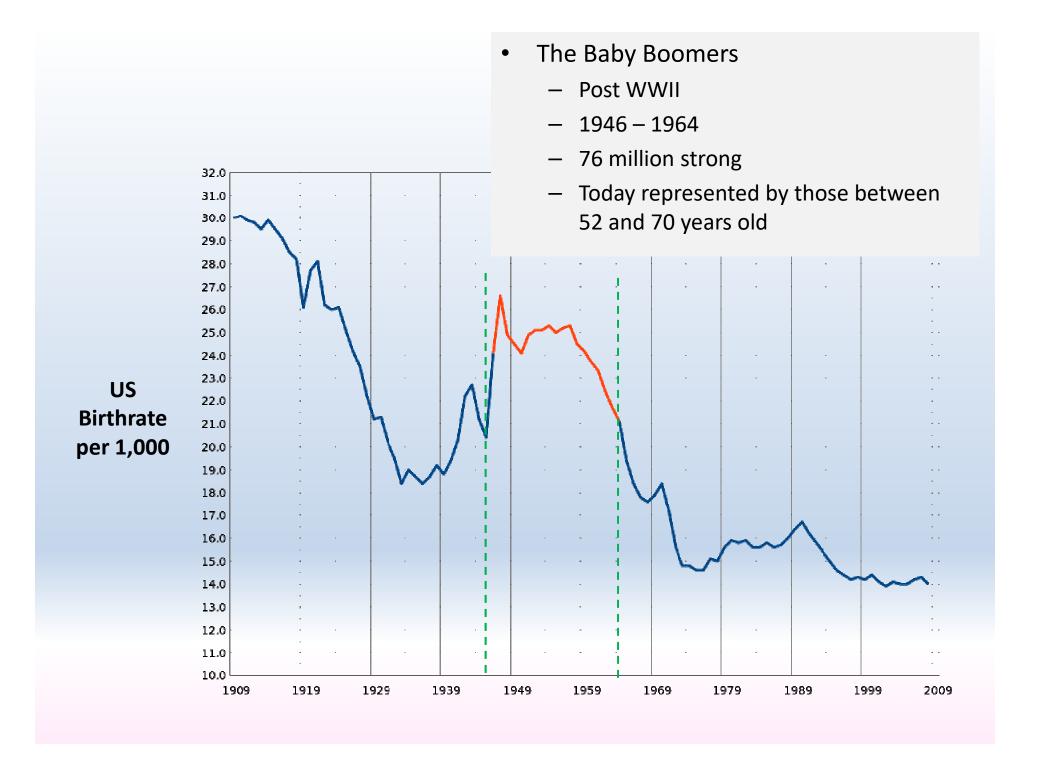


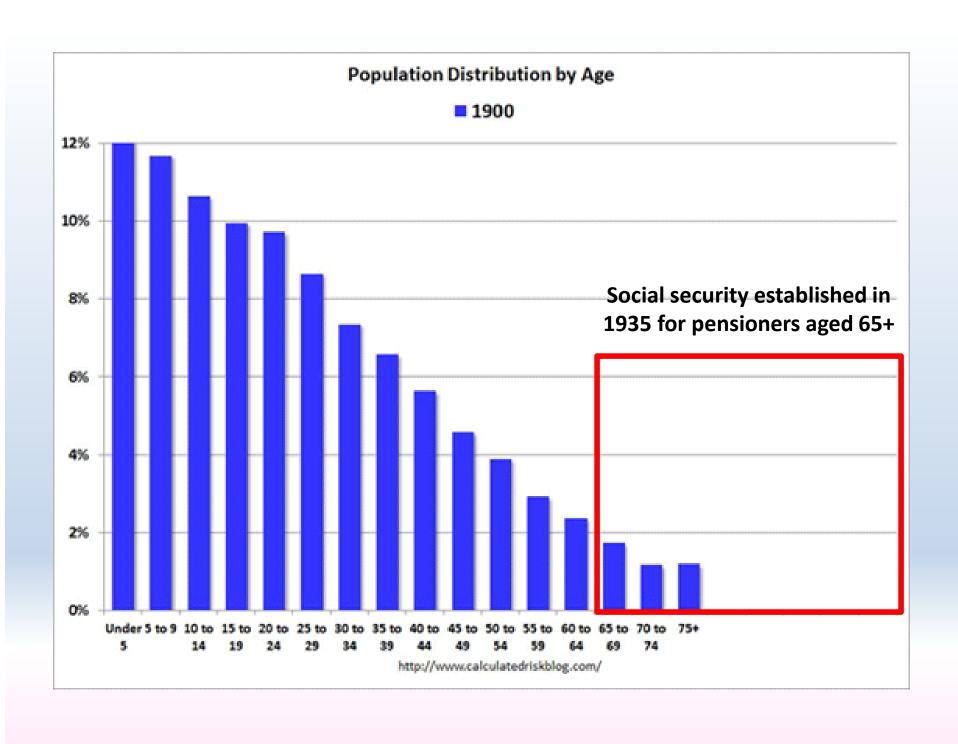


#### • Since 2000

- Median Age rose by 3.2 years
- Relative Changes in the population

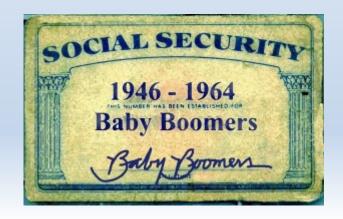




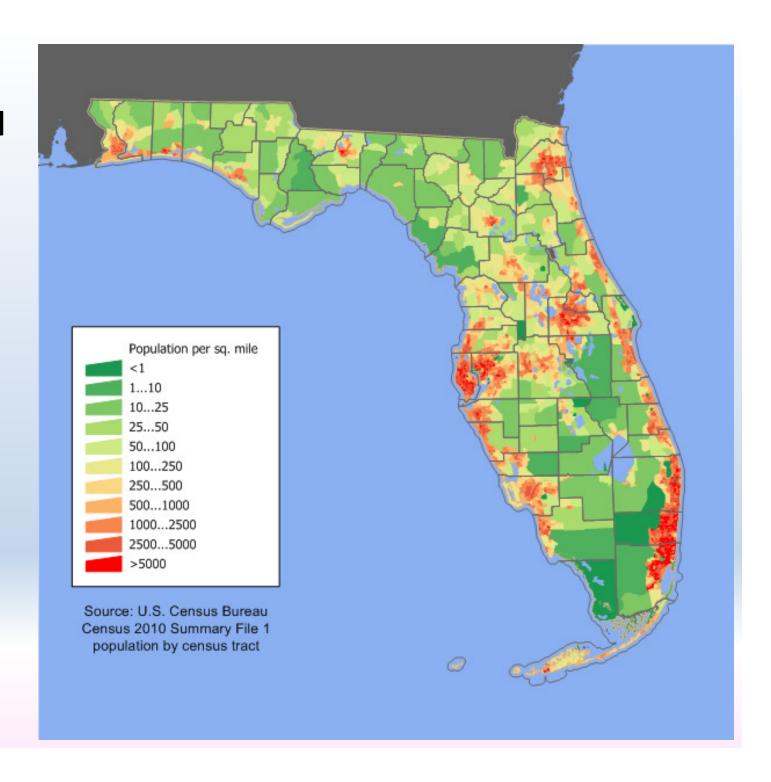


# 10,000

# BABY BOOMERS WILL TURN 65 EVERYDAY UNTIL 2030.



New
Growth will
Take Place
Along and
Spreading
out from
Existing
Density
Patterns



#### What Brings People to Florida?







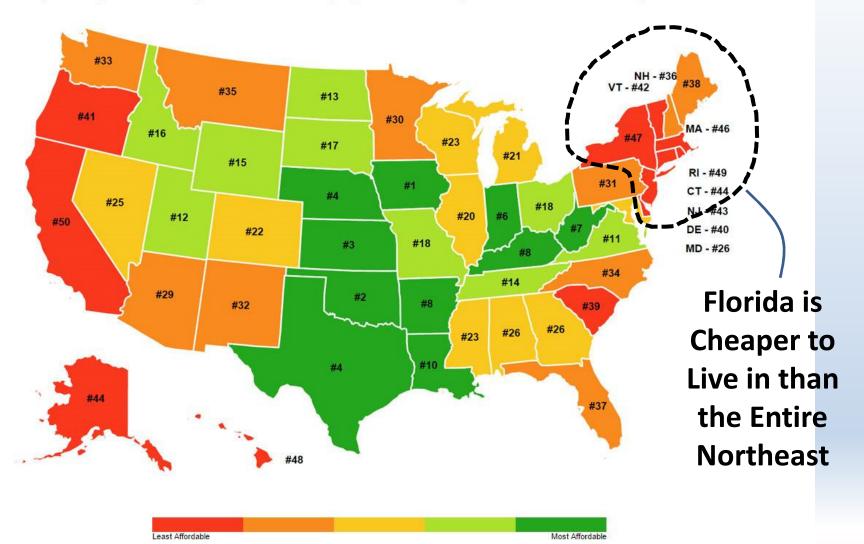




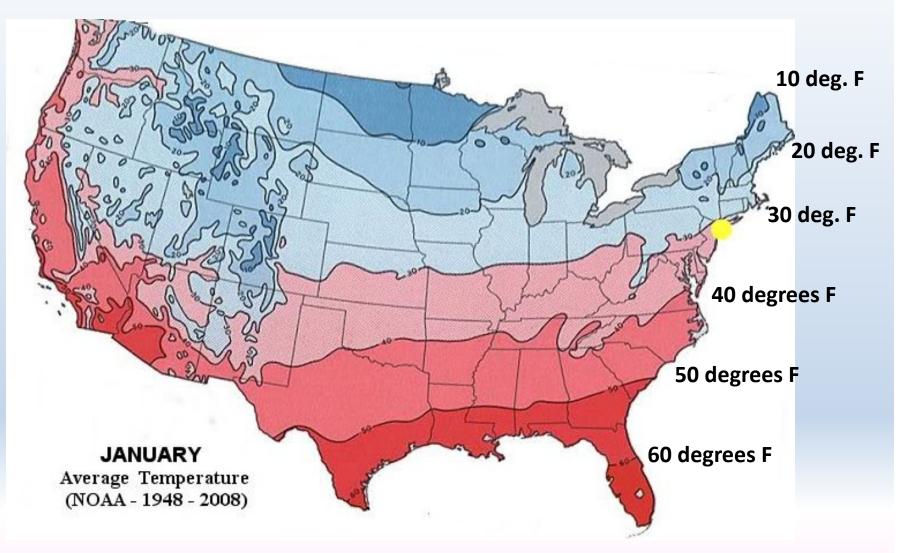


- 27 1<sup>st</sup> Order Magnitude Springs
- 1,100 miles of coastline
- 1,250 golf courses
- 4,500 islands > 10 acres
- 7,700 lakes > 10 acres
- 4 million other senior citizens
- 9 million jobs

#### WHICH STATES ARE MOST AFFORDABLE TO LIVE IN?



#### Florida's Mild Winters





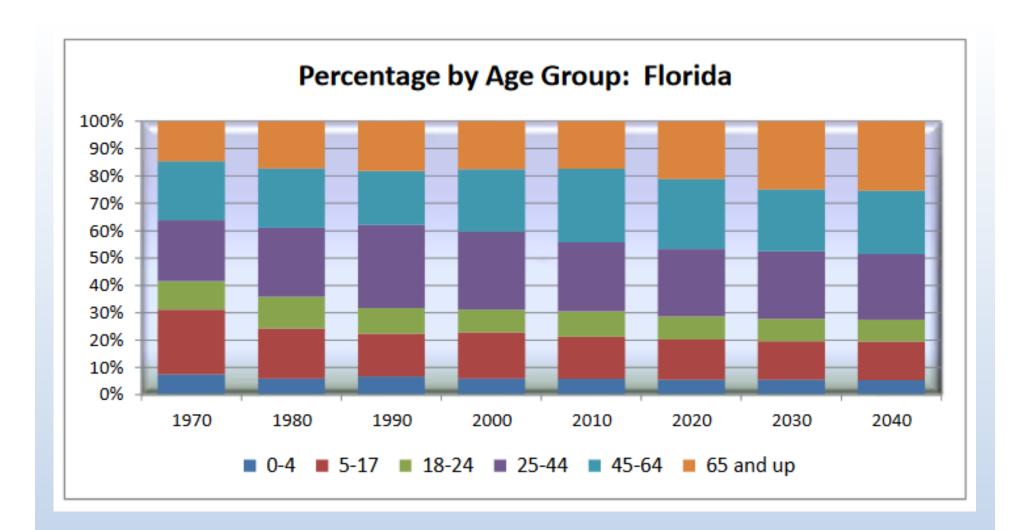




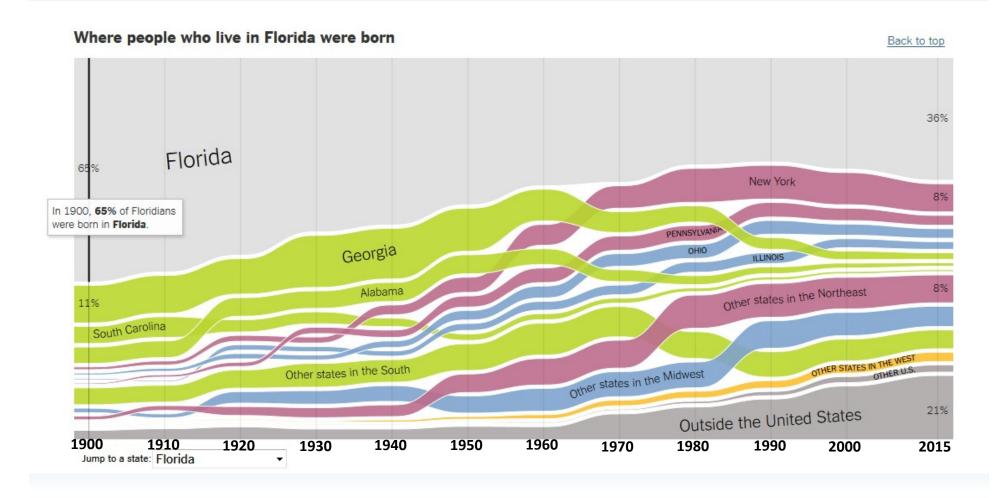


A buried locomotive near Alliance, Nebraska





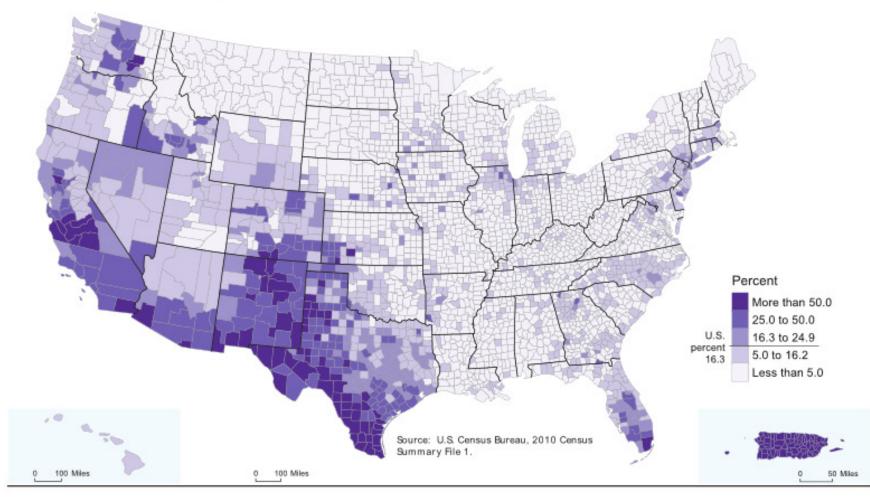
#### Nearly 65% of Floridians Originate from Elsewhere





#### Hispanic or Latino Population as a Percent of Total Population by County: 2010

(For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/doc/sf1.pdf)



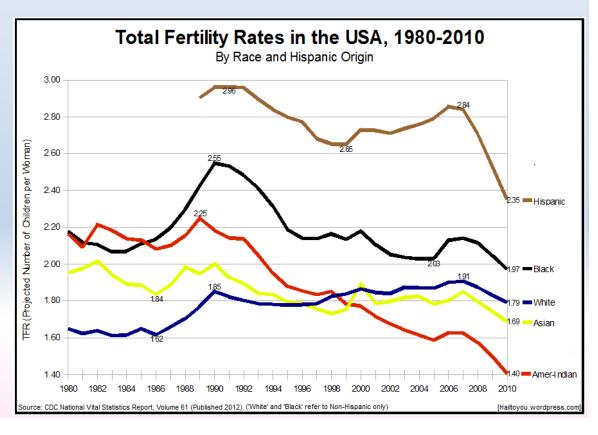
#### Hispanic/Latino Influx to Florida

 Between 2000 and 2010, the Hispanic/Latino population of Florida increased by 57%

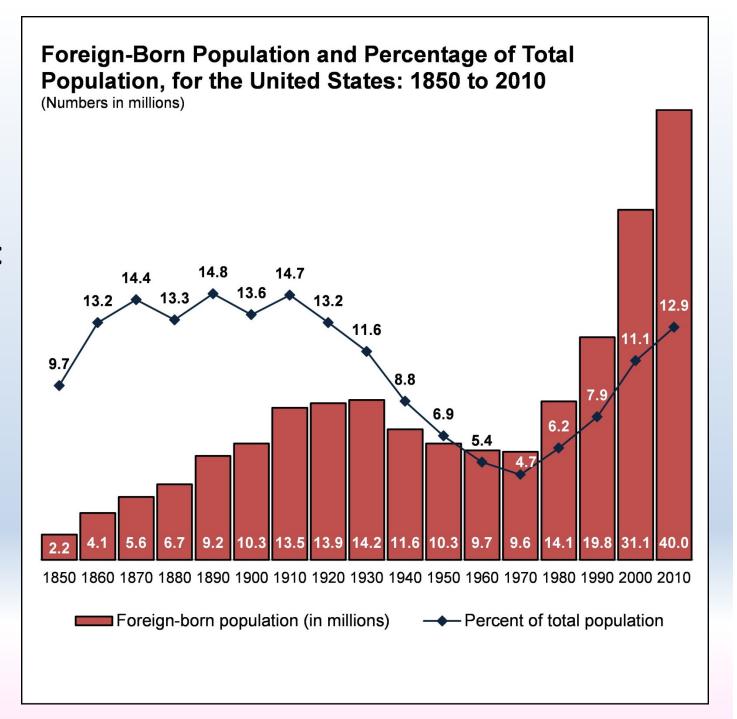
Partly Immigration: Mexico, Puerto Rico and

Guatemala

Partly Organic

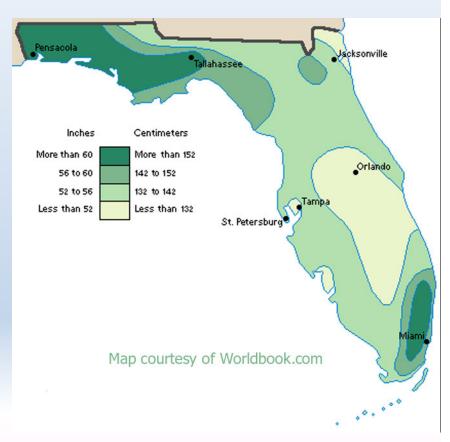


Foreign
Immigration
to the US
over the Past
160 years



#### **Water Supply Availability**

- Groundwater is overstressed
- Florida receives 50+ Inches of Rain per year
- If we could capture 1" of rain per year over the state's 58,600 square miles of area:
  - it would supply about 1,000 BG/yr
  - Enough for 27 million people
- However challenges include:
  - Disproportionate population density
  - Rainy/Dry season & storage
  - Lacking system connectivity



### Implications of Projected Growth on Water Supply Costs

- The Days of Cheap Water are Gone
- Alternative Sources are Much More Costly
- Traditionally, local governments opted to pursue water supply projects on their own within their own borders
- However, we are seeing a move towards regionalism, interconnection, collaboration and economy-of-scale projects
- Water Management Districts encourage collaboration rather than competition through incentivizing with grants

#### **Final Comments**

- Baby Boomer Retirement/Migration en masse will be unprecedented, BEBR projections could miss on the low side
- Continued poor global economic conditions and political instability will continue to bring foreign immigration pressure
- Existing Latino/Hispanic culture in S. Florida and along the I-4 Corridor will attract immigrants looking for easier cultural assimilation
- Additional water supplies will be needed at much higher costs than in the past
- Climate uncertainty and sea level rise add to uncertainty and increase the cost for solutions

#### end

Discussion/Questions