# Florida Water and Climate Alliance 2016 Winter Workshop at the <br> Peace River Facility Arcadia, Florida <br> Session 2- <br> 9:30-10:45 AM <br> Water Supply Planning <br> in the Context of a Changing Environment 

November 16, 2016

## Demographic Changes and What it Means

 for Water Suppliers
## dem.o.graph $\cdot$ ics

 /.demə'grafiks/statistical data relating to the population and particular groups within it.


## Coastline County Population

September 6, 2012


## 2015 Population Estimates

- US Population in 2015 ~ 321 million
- Florida's population exceeded 20 million
- Surpassed New York as $3^{\text {rd }}$ most populous state

| Rank in the fifty states, * 2015 | State or territory * | Population estimate, July 1, $\uparrow$ 2015 | Percent of total <br> U.S. pop., <br> 2015 ${ }^{\text {[note 1] }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 组 California | 39,144,818 | 12.18\% |
| 2 | - Texas | 27,469,114 | 8.55\% |
| $\rightarrow 3$ | 2 Florida | 20,271,272 | 6.31\% |
| 4 | 5ax New York | 19,795,791 | 6.16\% |
| 5 | \% Illinois | 12,859,995 | 4.00\% |
| 6 | -. Pennsylvania | 12,802,503 | 3.98\% |
| 7 | p= Ohio | 11,613,423 | 3.61\% |
| 8 | 틀 Georgia | 10,214,860 | 3.18\% |
| 9 | E- North Carolina | 10,042,802 | 3.12\% |
| 10 | 8. Michigan | 9,922,576 | 3.11\% |

## Largest Urbanized Areas With Selected Cities and Metro Areas

November 15, 2012


## So Where do the People in Florida Live?



## State of Florida Population in Millions



## State Water Supply Challenges

6.4 Million New People @
90 gpd/capita for domestic use
$=576 \mathrm{Mgal} /$ day
of "new" water needed
over the next 25 years
(this is roughly 1,800 acre*ft/day)

## Two Major Demographic Shifts Looming for Florida

- Baby Boomers
- Immigration


## THE OLDER GENERATION

The 2010 Census Revealed 39 Million "Senior Citizens"

But that Does not Reflect Baby Boomers who are Now Adding to these Ranks

## In the 2010 Census, the Heartland Exhibited Broad Senior Density from North to South



## Florida has 4 of the "Grayest" Counties in the US

| The Grayest Counties in the U.S. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Counties with largest \% of population ages 65+ |  |  |  |
| County | State | Total Population | \% ages 65+ |
| Sumter | Fla. | 114,350 | 52.9\% |
| Charlotte | Fla. | 168,474 | 37.7 |
| La Paz | Ariz. | 20,231 | 36.1 |
| Citrus | Fla. | 139,377 | 35.2 |
| Lancaster | Va. | 11,044 | 35.2 |
| Catron | N.M. | 3,556 | 35.0 |
| Alcona | Mich. | 10,454 | 34.8 |
| Northumberland | Va . | 12,251 | 34.3 |
| Sierra | N.M. | 11,325 | 34.0 |
| Sarasota | Fla. | 396,962 | 33.9 |
| Llano | Texas | 19,510 | 33.9 |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2014 population estimates
PEW RESEARCH CENTER


The Villages: 1999


The Villages: 2016



- Since 2000
- Median Age rose by 3.2 years
- Relative Changes in the population

- The Baby Boomers
- Post WWII
- 1946-1964
- 76 million strong
- Today represented by those between 52 and 70 years old





## New Growth will Take Place Along and Spreading out from Existing Density Patterns



## What Brings People to Florida?



- 27-1 $1^{\text {st }}$ Order Magnitude Springs
- 1,100 miles of coastline
- 1,250 golf courses
- 4,500 islands $>10$ acres
- 7,700 lakes $>10$ acres
- 4 million other senior citizens
- 9 million jobs


## WHICH STATES ARE MOST AFFORDABLE TO LIVE IN?



## Florida's Mild Winters





## Nearly 65\% of Floridians Originate from Elsewhere



Hispanic or Latino Population as a Percent of Total Population by County: 2010
(For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/doc/sf1.pdf)


## Hispanic/Latino Influx to Florida

- Between 2000 and 2010, the Hispanic/Latino population of Florida increased by 57\%
- Partly Immigration: Mexico, Puerto Rico and

Guatemala

- Partly Organic



## Foreign <br> Immigration to the US over the Past 160 years

Foreign-Born Population and Percentage of Total Population, for the United States: 1850 to 2010 (Numbers in millions)


18501860187018801890190019101920193019401950196019701980199020002010
$\longleftarrow$ Foreign-born population (in millions) $\longrightarrow$ - Percent of total population

## Water Supply Availability

- Groundwater is overstressed
- Florida receives 50+ Inches of Rain per year
- If we could capture 1 " of rain per year over the state's 58,600 square miles of area:
- it would supply about 1,000 BG/yr
- Enough for 27 million people
- However challenges include:
- Disproportionate population density

- Lacking system connectivity


## Implications of Projected Growth on Water Supply Costs

- The Days of Cheap Water are Gone
- Alternative Sources are Much More Costly
- Traditionally, local governments opted to pursue water supply projects on their own within their own borders
- However, we are seeing a move towards regionalism, interconnection, collaboration and economy-of-scale projects
- Water Management Districts encourage collaboration rather than competition through incentivizing with grants


## Final Comments

- Baby Boomer Retirement/Migration en masse will be unprecedented, BEBR projections could miss on the low side
- Continued poor global economic conditions and political instability will continue to bring foreign immigration pressure
- Existing Latino/Hispanic culture in S. Florida and along the I4 Corridor will attract immigrants looking for easier cultural assimilation
- Additional water supplies will be needed at much higher costs than in the past
- Climate uncertainty and sea level rise add to uncertainty and increase the cost for solutions


## end

## Discussion/Questions

