#### Climate Impacts Workshop May 10, 2012



Nancy Gallinaro Director, Strategic Planning

# Institutionalizing Climate Change Impacts



## **WUD Overview**

- Began in the 1970's with the purchase of several developer plants
- Initiated regionalization program in the1990's
- Florida's third largest water and wastewater utility
- 6 Water and 2 Wastewater Plants
- 470,000 people, 2,000 miles of water mains, 1,500 miles of wastewater mains
- 496 personnel, operating budget of \$150M and > \$1B in assets
- Recognized as an industry leader







# **Utility Issues & Challenges**

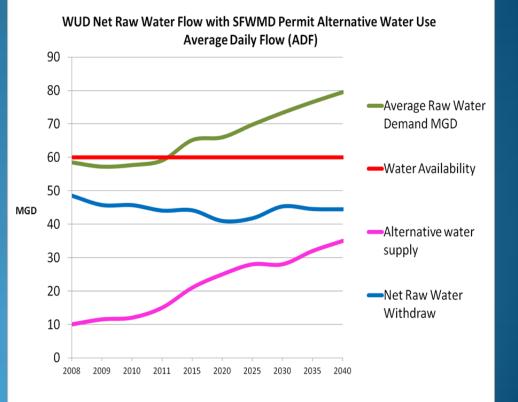
- Raw Water Demands
- Population/Growth
  - Water Supply, Revenue
- Conservation/Reuse
- Regulations
  - NNC, Water Availability Rule , Emerging Contaminants
- Technology [Cost/Benefit]
- Climate Change





### **RAW WATER FLOW DEMANDS**

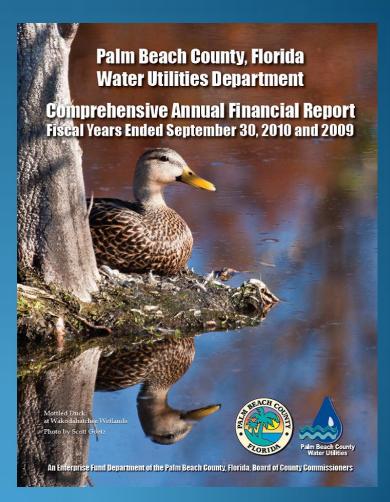
In spite of disappointing economic forecasts and increased regulatory pressure to move toward AWS, WUD has achieved sustainable total water management of those resources entrusted to it...





#### REVENUE

- Develop sufficient revenue for long-term financial stability amid declining population & water restrictions
- Maintain affordable customer rates
- Achieve positive net income
- Build cash reserves

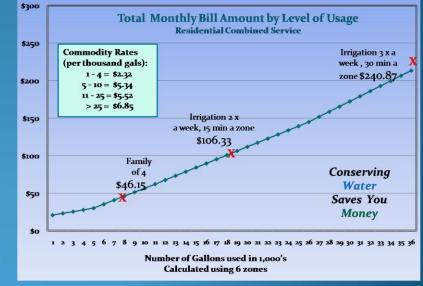




#### REVENUE

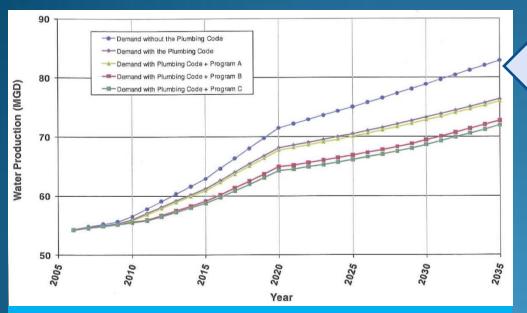


- Added new revenue sources (bulk water, revenue grants, etc.)
- Stabilized personnel costs
- Established strong conservation rate structure
- Tied rate structure to Utility CPI (75%)
- Prioritized O&M; CIP





### CONSERVATION



#### **Current WUD Conservation Program**

- AMR System Leak Detection
- **Toilet Leak Detection**
- Public Information Program
- Rain Sensors on New Development Irrigation Systems
- Conservation Tiered Rate Structure
- Biofilm Management-Chlorine/System Flush

Projected Demand Savings of 6.9 MGD by 2035; Current WUD Conservation Program With National Plumbing Code Changes



#### **National Plumbing Code**

- Toilet 1.6 Gal/Flush
- Urinals 1.0 Gal/Flush
- Showerhead 2.5 GPM (80 psi)
- Resident Faucets 2.2 GPM (60 psi)
- Public Faucets 0.5 GPM (60 psi)
- Dishwashing 1.6 GPM (60 psi)



#### Reuse

Reuse

22 (13.0) MGD

#### **SRWRF 35** (22.5) **MGD**





#### Wetlands 5 (1.5) MGD

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Deep Injection Wells 34.5 (8.0) MGD



### **CONSERVATION AND REUSE**

- 5.2 BILLION gallons in 2011
  Service to 8 golf courses and 22 communities
  Average daily demand = 14 million gallons
  Maximum daily demand = 22 million gallons
  100% Reuse
- Minimum daily demand = 4 million gallons
- MRWSA = 20 square miles (1 sq mi in 1995)







## FPL West County Energy Center



BEACH



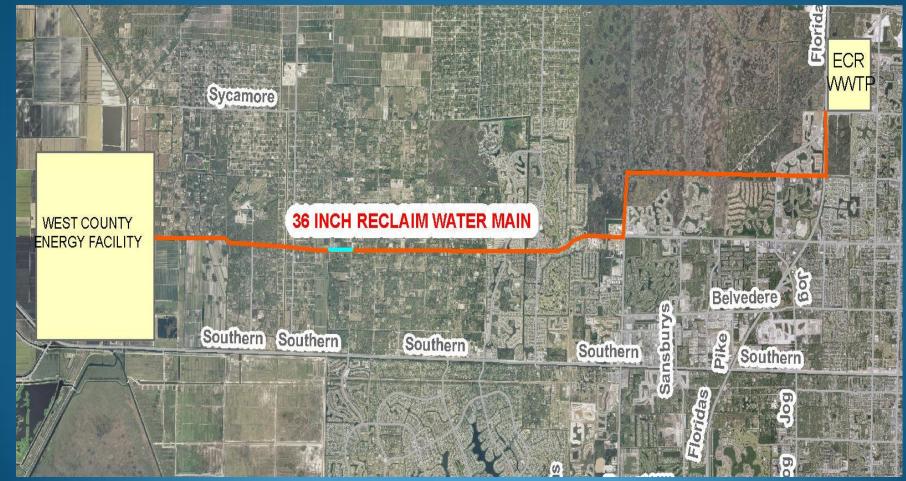
- Three new natural gas combined-cycle power units
- Units 1 & 2 online 2009
- Unit 3 online 2011
- Total facility capacity of 3,800 megawatts
- Cooling water source is major issue for FPL
- ADF 17mgd

### **Environmental Stewardship** FPL Project – reclaiming our resources while

BEACH

ORID

providing new source of funding for Utility





#### •Technology

•Cost

•Green House Gas



## LIMITS OF TECHNOLOGY FOR NITROGEN AND PHOSPHORUS

Level	Treatment	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphorus
1	Conventional Activated Sludge	20 mg/L	2 mg/L
2	3 Stage BNR	8 mg/L	1 mg/L
3	5 Stage BNR + Filtration	4-8 mg/L	0.1-0.3 mg/L
4	5 Stage BNR + Denite Filtration	3 mg/L	0.1 mg/L
5*	5 Stage BNR + Denite Filtration + MF/RO	< 2 mg/L	< 0.02 mg/L

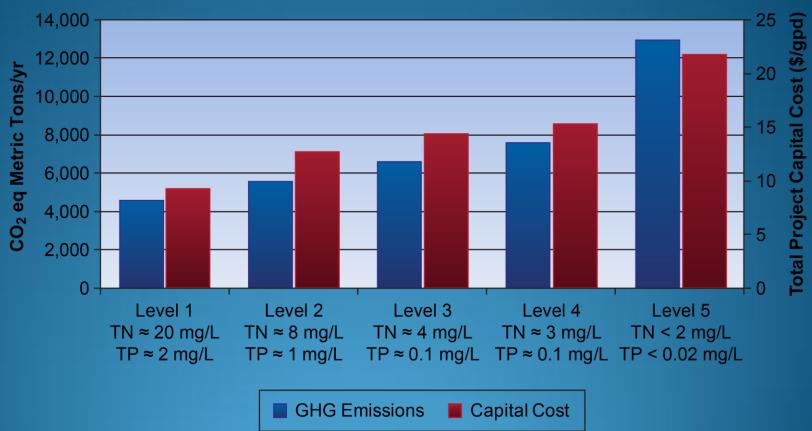
\* *MF/RO* for half the flow

Reference: WERF NUTR1R06n 2011: Striking The Balance Between Nutrient Removal In Wastewater Treatment And Sustainability 2011

Provided by Patrick Davis, P.E.; Hazen & Sawyer



#### **GHG EMISSIONS & CAPITAL COST**



*Reference: WERF NUTR1R06n 2011: Striking The Balance Between Nutrient Removal In Wastewater Treatment And Sustainability 2011* 

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### WATER AVAILABILITY RULE

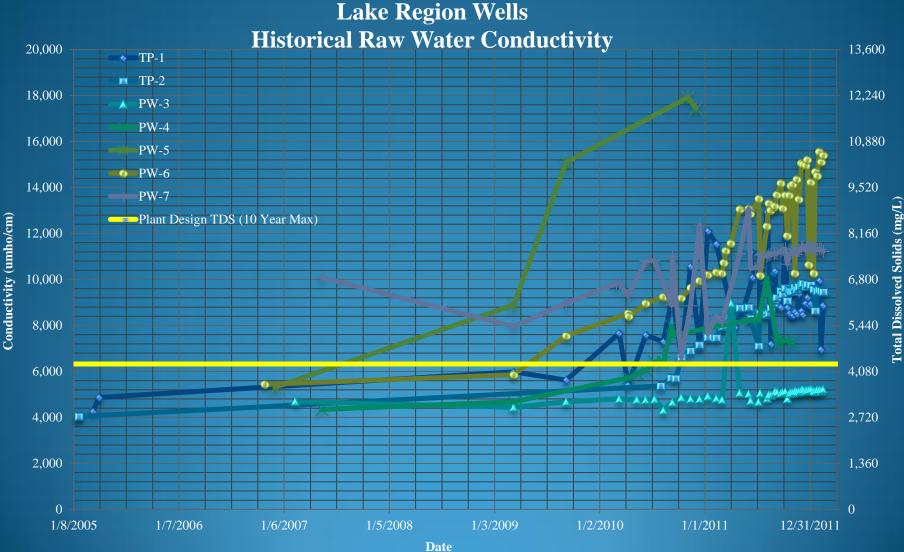
•Surficial Aquifer – Wells

•Floridan Aquifer

Chloride Issues



### Chloride



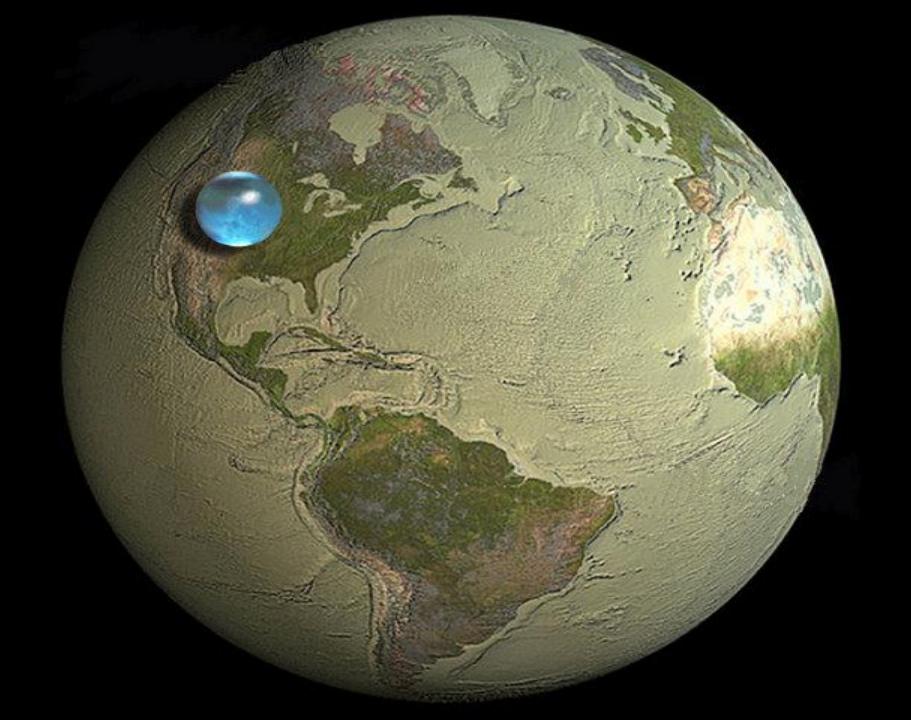


## Technology

- Water Treatment
- Wastewater Treatment
- Energy Recovery
- Energy Conservation
- Asset Management Best Practices
- Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS)









### Florida Water Budget

Lost to Tide 38%

Evapotranspiration 61%

**Consumptive Uses** 

1%



### Water: New Reservoir Benefits?

- Improved Regional System Management Flexibility
- Potential for Improved Water Quality & Flows to the Refuge
- Water Supply Offsets to Help Lower Future Drinking Water Supply Costs
- Adaptation to climate change



#### Lake Okeechobee

Imagery Date: 3/21/2011 27

L-8 Basin

Loxahatchee

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Google earth

Eye alt 39.82 m)

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#### FA STA W 1E

Loxahatchee National Wildlife Refuge

© 2012 Google Image © 2012 TerraMetrics Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO 26°43'30.47" N. 80°23'17.42" W elev 14 ft

#### Lake Okeechobee

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Lake Okeechobee

L-8 Basin

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STA STA IW IE Loxahatchee

National Wildlife Refuge

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### What are the Issues?

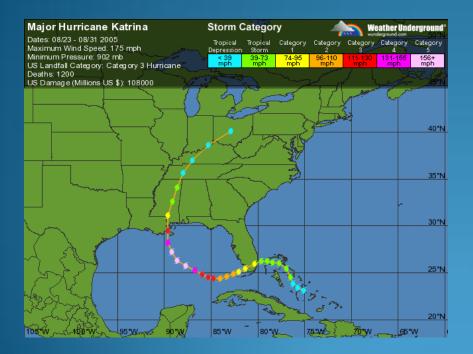
- Timing
- Water Quality
- Project Cost
- Participation
- Leadership & Governance



- Temperature Impacts
- Rainfall Impacts
- Storms/Hurricanes Sea Level Rise



## **Using Models**



#### • KATRINA

- Number of named storms
- Predicting rainfall/inches
- Predicting likely path of hurricane or tropical storm
- Intensity
- Wind Speed
- Duration

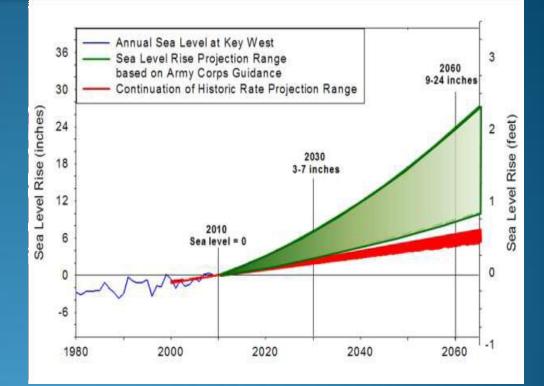


- Vulnerability of existing infrastructure
- Frequency & magnitude of extreme events
- Appropriate level of redundancy and safety factors



## **CLIMATE CHANGE**

- Develop strategies to respond to climate change impacts
- Participate in SE FL Regional Climate Change Compact



• Work on federal and state climate policies





PALM BEACH COUNTY WATER UTILITIES



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