



*Leveraging Real-Time Flood Forecasting Predictive Modeling
in Utilities Storm Preparations and Recovery*

Florida Water & Climate Alliance

Ed Torres, M.S., P.E., LEED AP

June 20, 2025



Background: OCU Infrastructure

Orange County Utilities provides water resources and solid waste recovery services to protect and enrich the lives of the citizens and guests of Orange County

Population Served

- Water: 855,000
- Wastewater: 1,098,000
- Reclaimed Water: 415,000
- Solid Waste: 660,000

Service Area

- Over 660 Square miles

Major infrastructure

- 12 Water Treatment Plants
- 4 Regional Water Reclamation Facilities
- 870+ Wastewater Pump Stations
- Landfill and 2 Solid Waste Transfer Stations

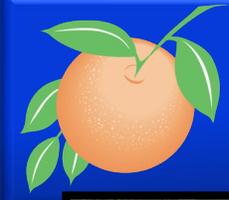




OCU Storm Preparations & Recovery

- Goal of providing continuity of services and avoiding sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs)
- Orange County Utilities storm preparations and recovery involve deploying and staging resources throughout a large service area



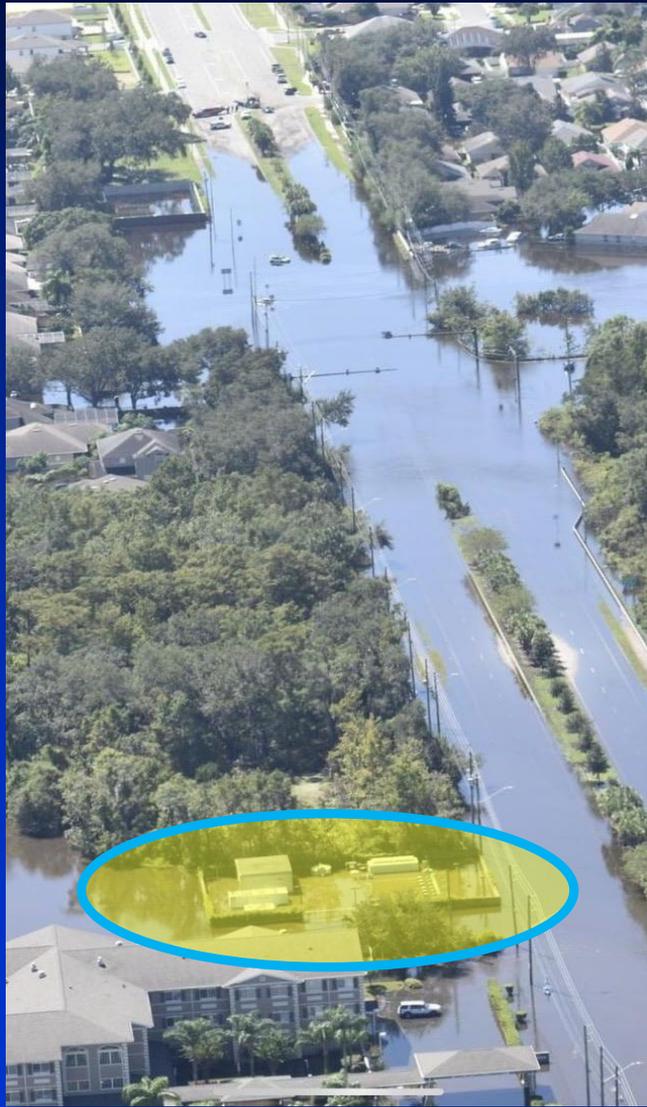


Orange County Storm Damage & Recovery





Orange County Storm Damage & Recovery



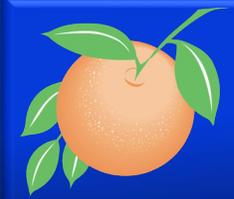


FlaWARN Participation

Hurricane Helene Mutual Aid Team – 9/2024

- Locations: Cedar Key, Chiefland, Tallahassee, Suwannee Water & Sewer District
- Equipment: F550, Trailers, Generators in Tow for each truck
- Staff: 14 electricians, mechanics, SCADA, field specialists





FlaWARN Participation

Hurricane Milton Mutual Aid Team – 10/2024

- Location: Hillsborough County Utilities
- Equipment: F550, Trailers, Generators in Tow for each truck
- Staff: 8 electricians, mechanics, SCADA, field specialists

Sheldon Rd Force Main Mutual Aid Team –2/2023

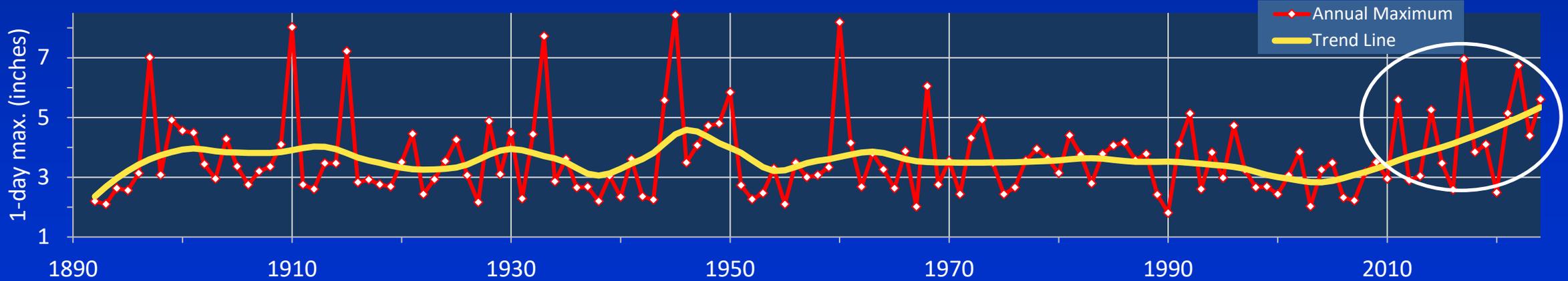
- Location: Hillsborough County Utilities
- Equipment: 5 tanker trucks and drivers



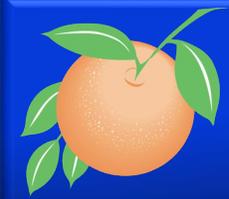


Changing Rainfall Patterns to Date

- **SFWMD: Adoption of Future Extreme Rainfall Change Factors for Flood Resiliency Planning in South Florida**
- **Orange County: Evaluated over 130 years of historical rainfall data**
- **Several large storm events have occurred in recent years**
- **Experts expect this trend to “statistically” change over the next 75 years**
- **Data since 2010 shows a general increase in rainfall maximums**



Rainfall Trend Analysis

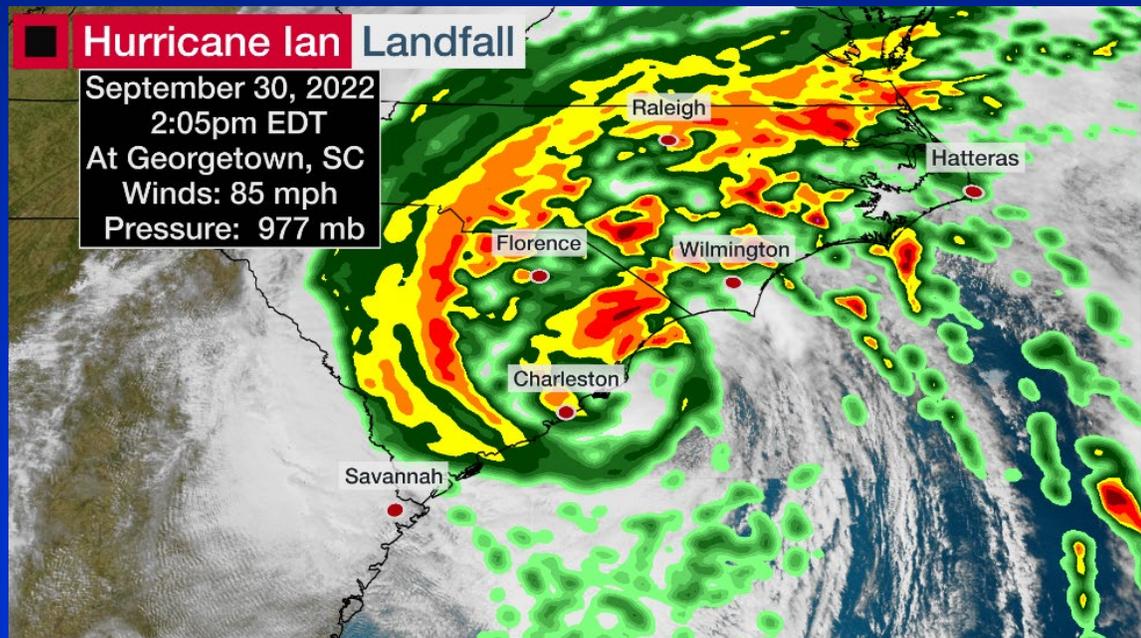


Hurricane Ian

September 2022, Cat 4, 1



Source: NASA Earth Observatory

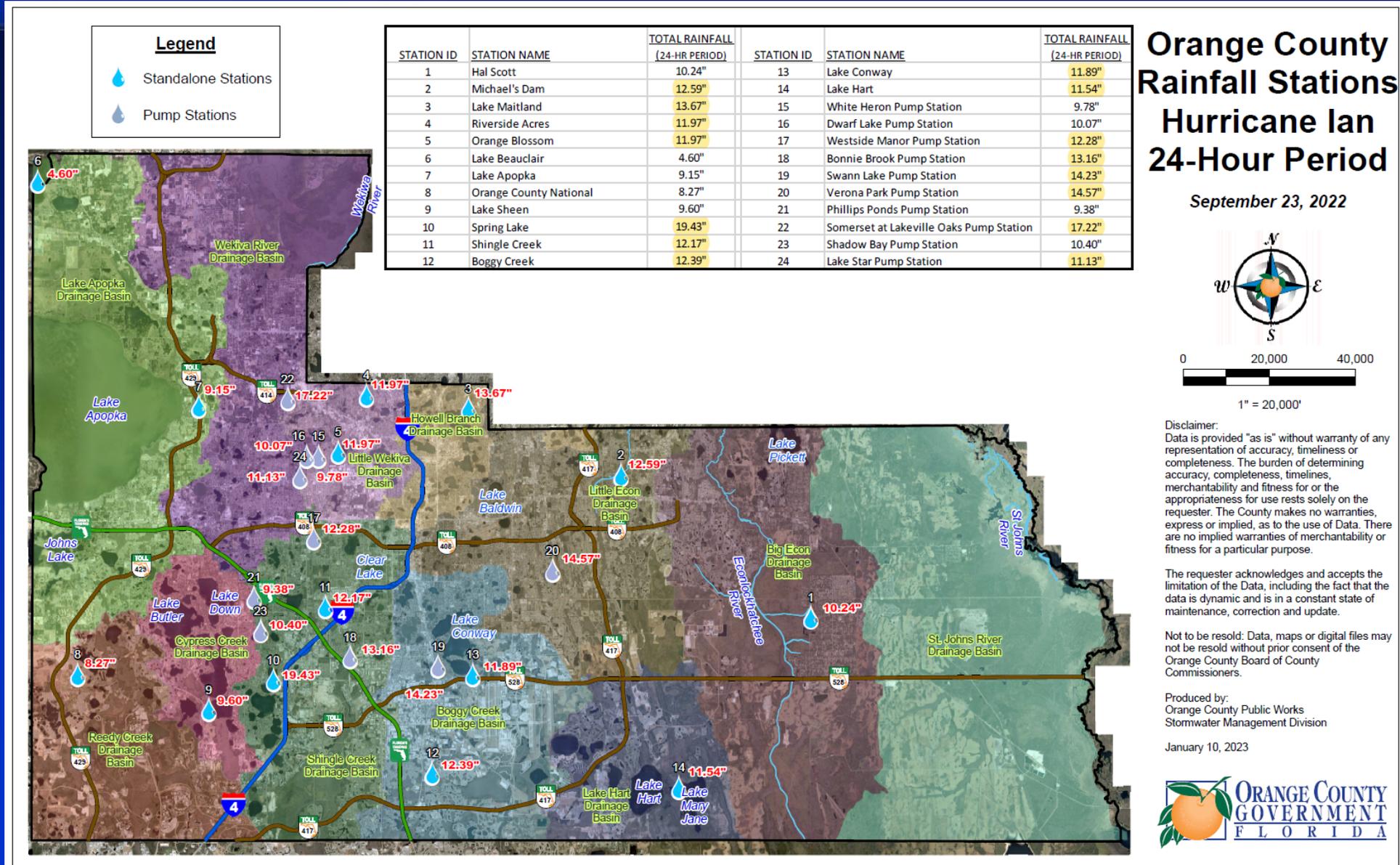


Source: Weather.com



Hurricane Ian Rainfall Totals

- Almost 20" rainfall in a 24 - hour period in parts of Orange County
- 4.6" in other parts
- Not your uniform design storm!
- Flooding in areas outside the floodplain





OCU Storm Preparations & Recovery

- Goal of providing continuity of services and avoiding sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs)
- Orange County Utilities storm preparations and recovery involve deploying and staging resources throughout a large service area
- Is there a better way?



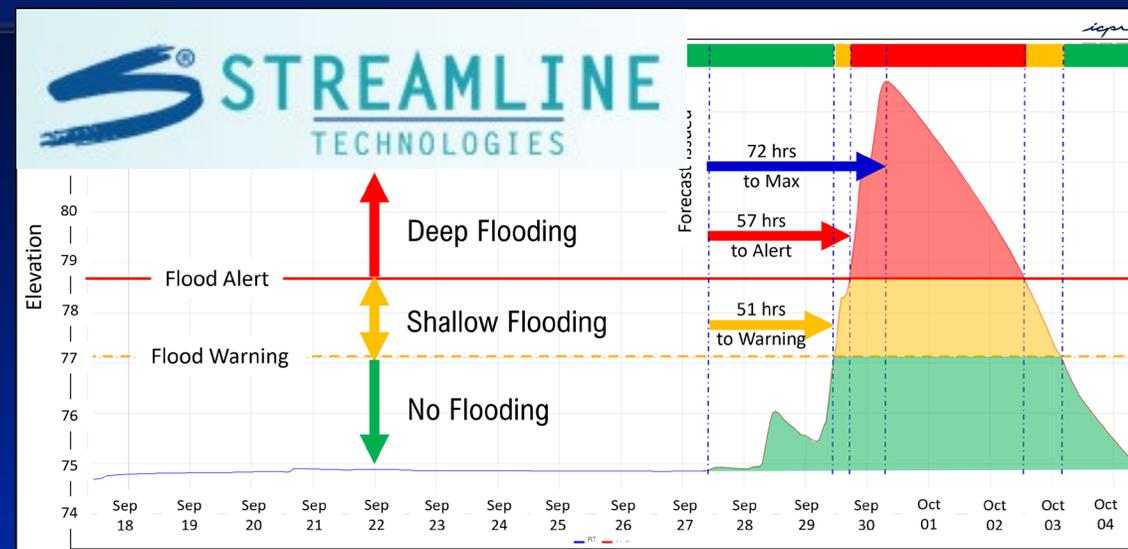


Real-Time Flood Forecasting (RTFF) Predictive Modeling

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FloodWise Flood Forecasting

- Real-Time: Indicating what's happening right now based on surface and groundwater modeling
- Flood Forecasting: Predicting flooding up to 3 days in advance of storms based on forecasted rainfall
- Tied to NOAAs forecast and to Surge and Tidal Operational Forecast System (STOFS)
- Flooding at Street Level: Flood depths and durations at streets, homes, buildings, and critical infrastructure

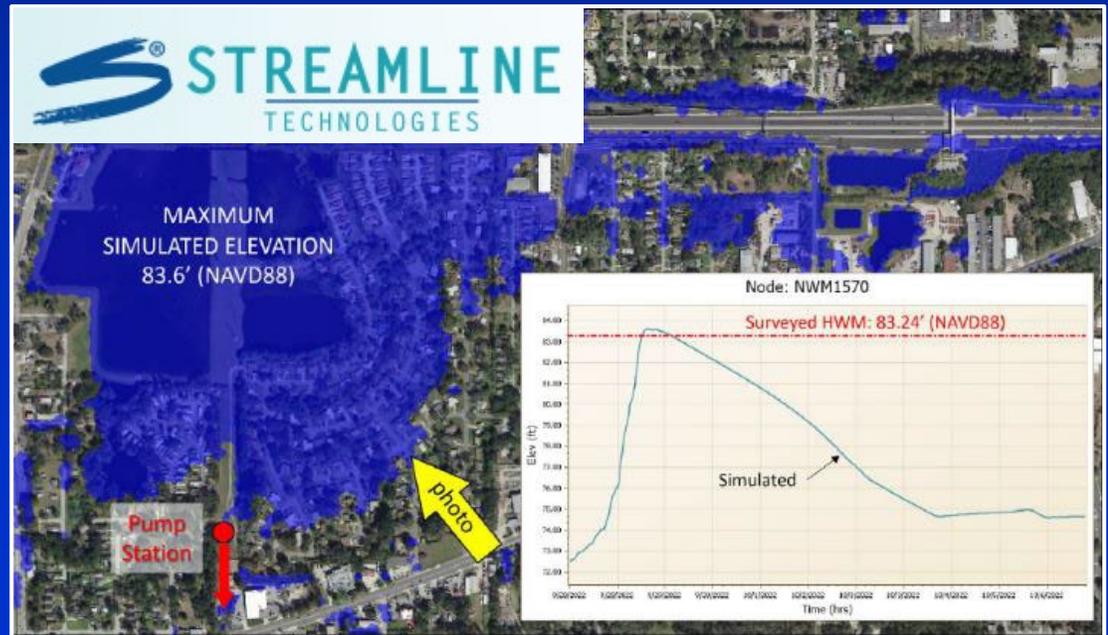


- Identified “Risk Points” & critical elevations
 - 870 pump stations
 - 12 water supply facilities
 - 4 regional water reclamation facilities
 - 4 storage/repump & booster pumps

Real-Time Flood Forecasting (RTFF) Predictive Modeling

Leveraging the Forecast – Sending Resources Where They Are Needed!

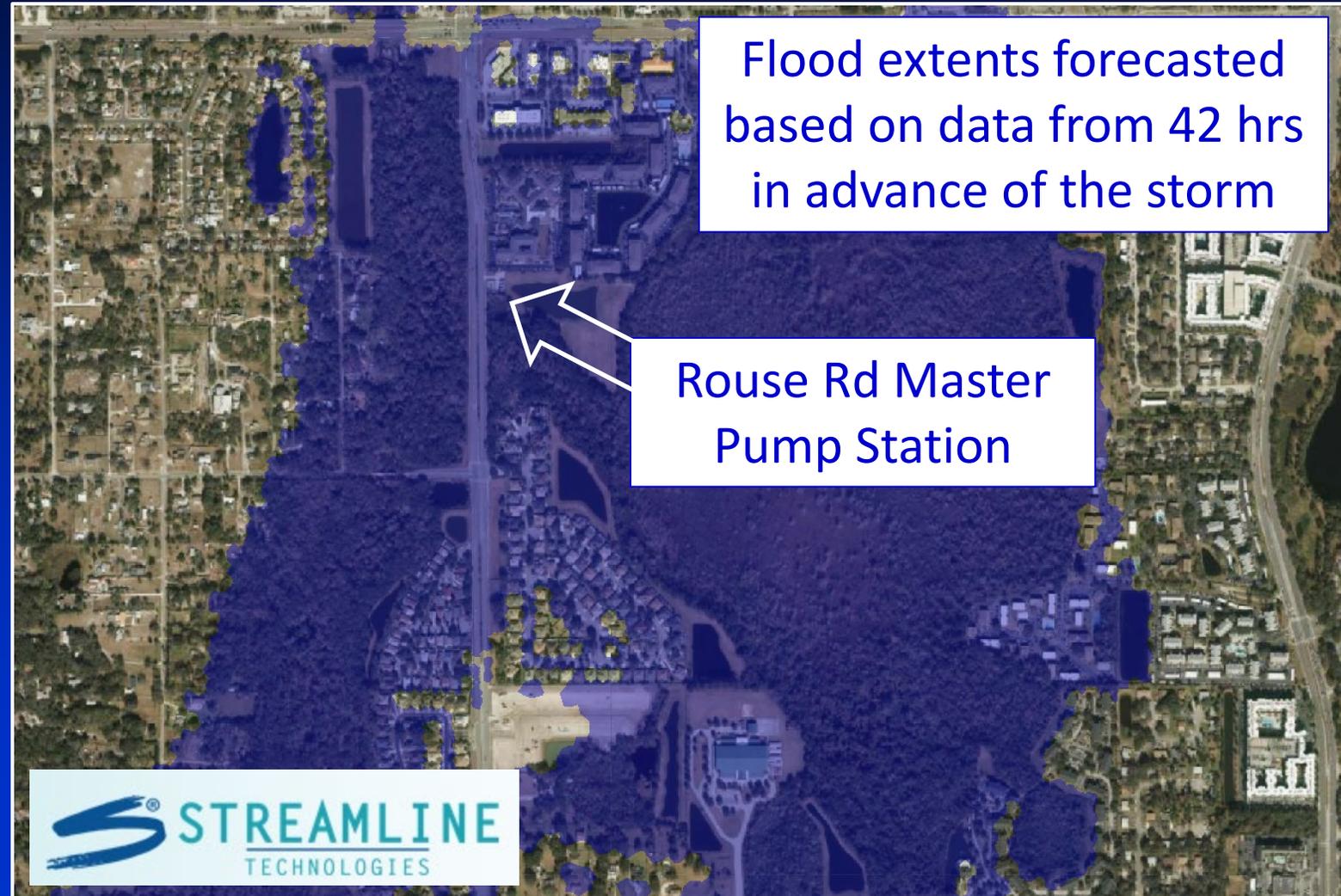
- **Prepare:** Allows us to be more specific about emergency management preparation prior to the storm event, including staging generators and deploying staff and resources to areas where critical infrastructure flooding is forecasted
- **Mitigate:** Advance actions to minimize risks, consequences, and damage, including protecting pump stations, control panels, treatment components, and other assets by installing temporary dams, elevating or relocating infrastructure
- **Recover:** Accelerate recovery by initiating specific coordination efforts earlier based on forecasted flood duration



Real-Time Flood Forecasting (RTFF) Predictive Modeling

Fiscal Benefits Example

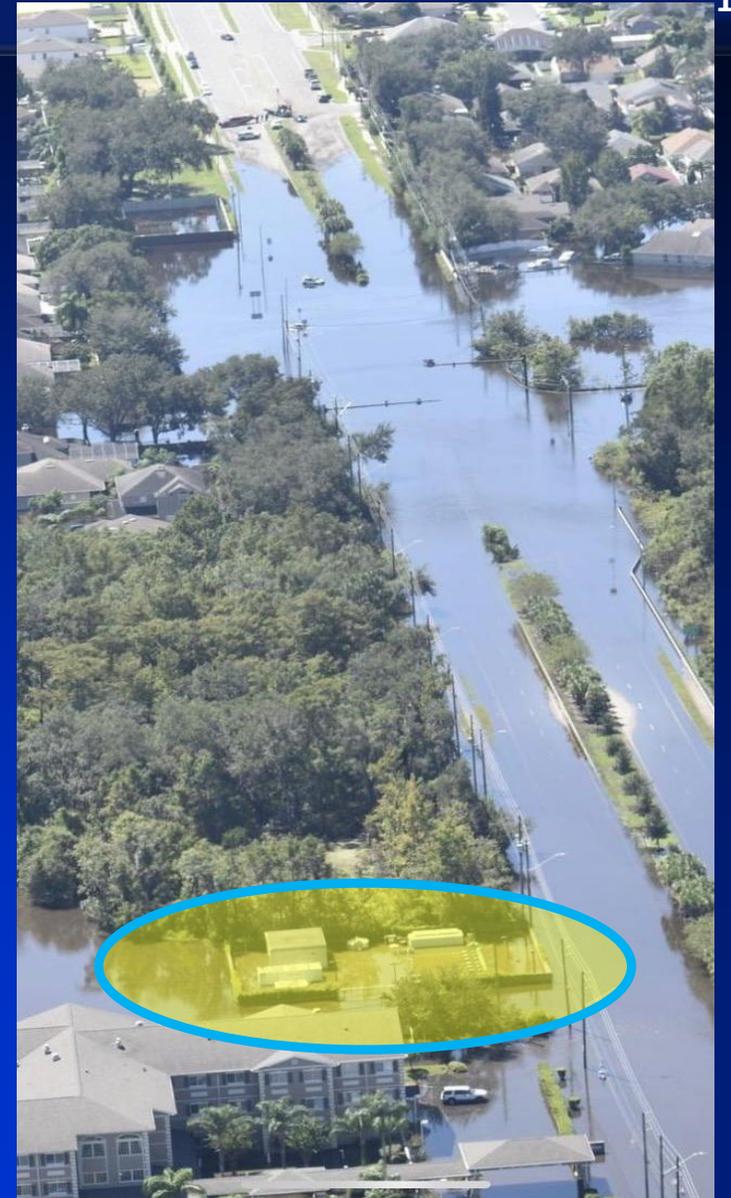
- The Rouse Rd Master Wastewater Pump Station sustained about \$7 million in damage during Hurricane Ian
- If RTFF models had been in place, the pump station could have been protected with a tiger dam and the damage prevented or mitigated

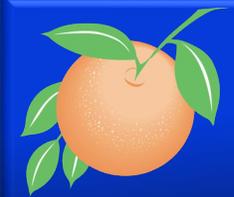




Rouse Road Master Pump Station

Flooding damage





Plan Emergency Preparedness



Tampa General Hospital





Next Steps

A Countywide predictive flood forecasting model is currently being developed

- Predict flooding up to 72 hours in advance of major storm events
- Determine areas for evacuation orders ahead of major storms
- Protect or relocate assets 2-3 days ahead of major storm
- Plan emergency response priorities during a major storm, including prioritization of staff resources
- Support proactive analysis and resiliency planning for a variety of types of storm events



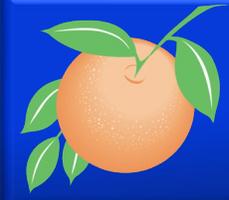


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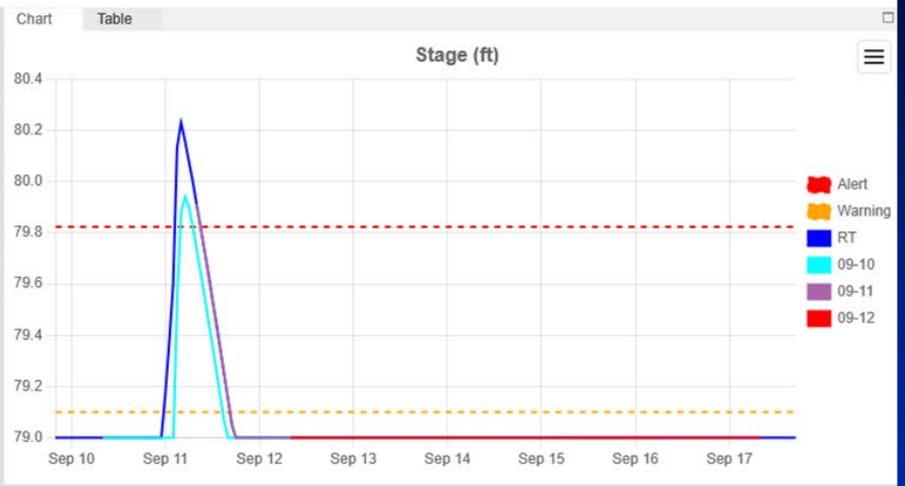
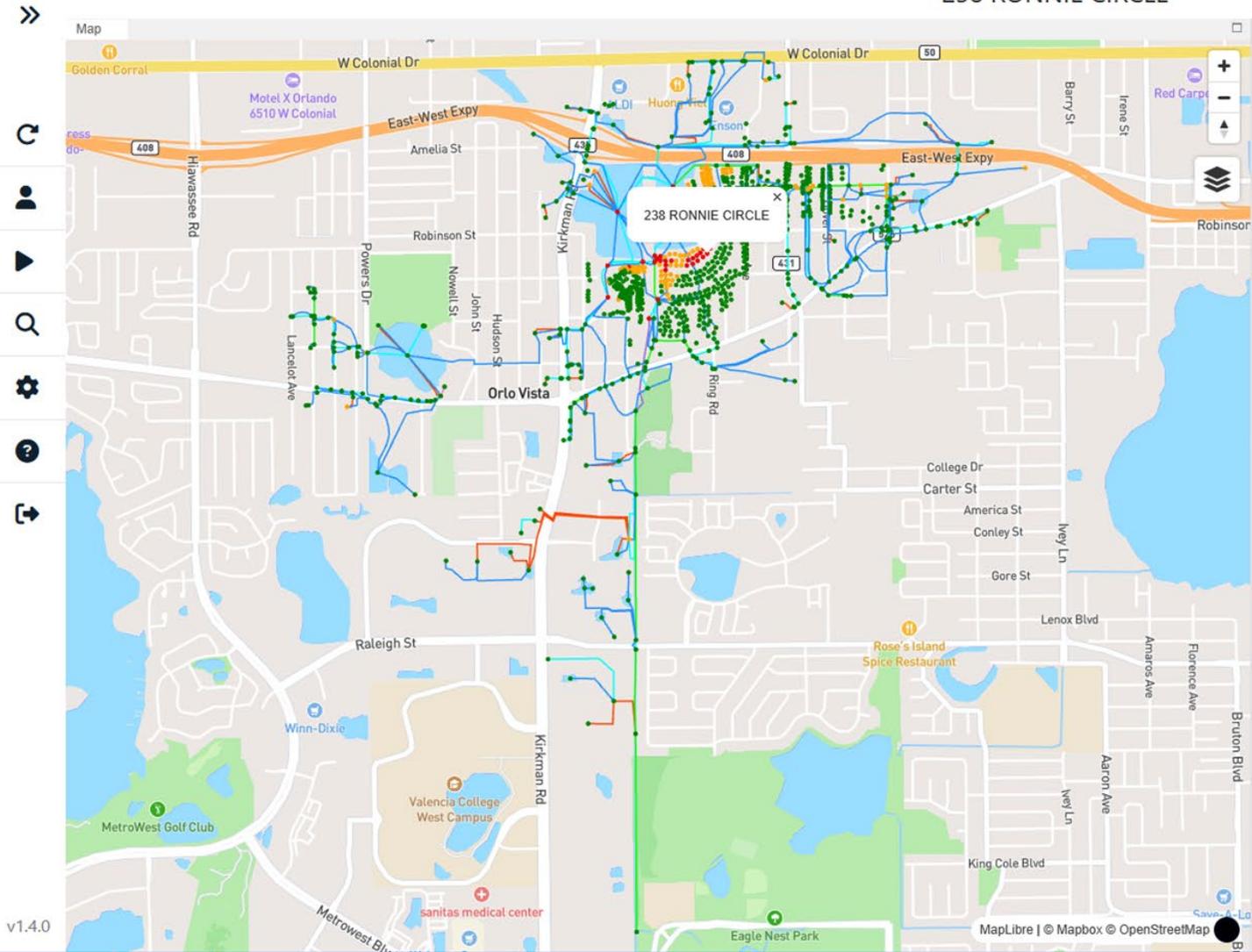
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238 RONNIE CIRCLE



Flagged Pins × QPF ×

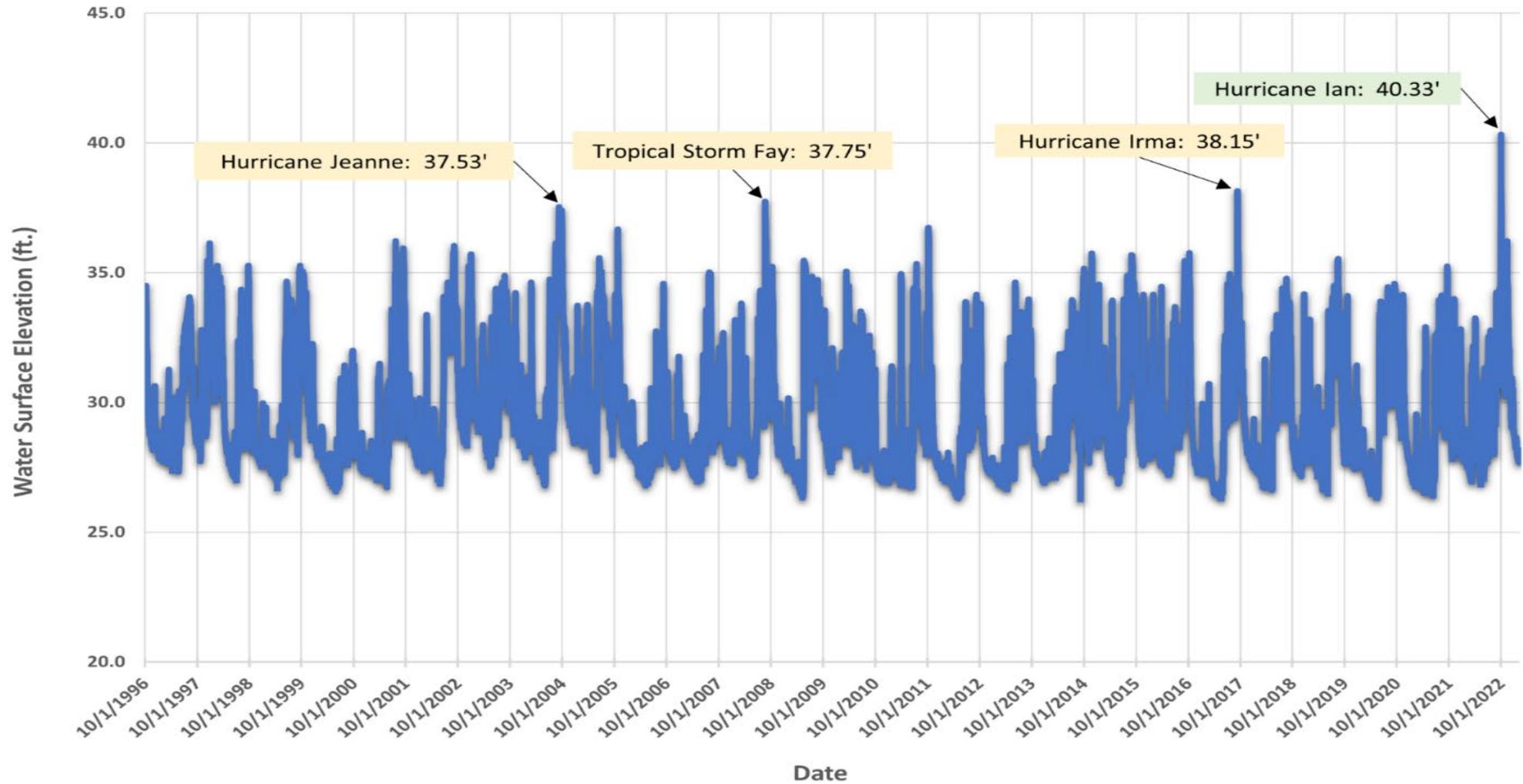
Show colors

Name	Realtime	Forecast 09-10	Forecast 09-11	Forecast 09-12
100 HOPE CIRCLE	Normal	Warning	Warning	Normal
105 HOPE CIRCLE	Normal	Warning	Warning	Normal
174 MCKINLEY AV...	Normal	Warning	Warning	Normal
201 RONNIE CIRCLE	Normal	Warning	Alert	Normal
205 RONNIE CIRCLE	Normal	Warning	Warning	Normal
209 RONNIE CIRCLE	Normal	Warning	Warning	Normal



Hurricane Ian

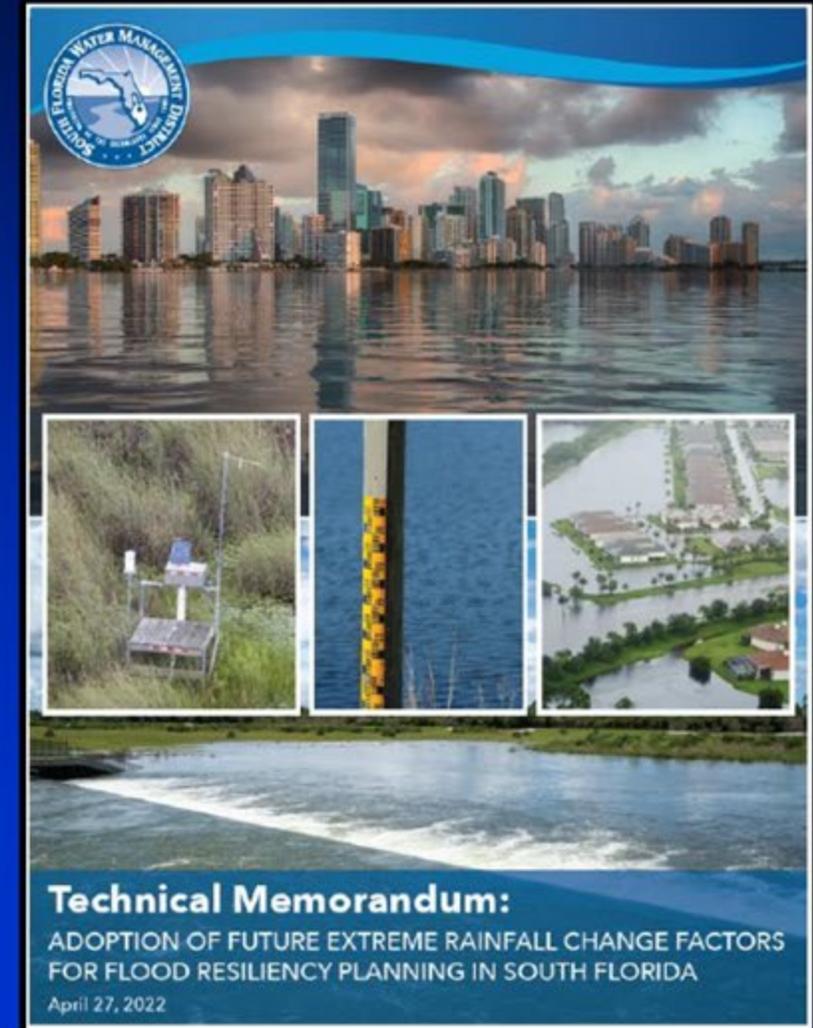
USGS Gage Little Econlockhatchee (at S.R. 434)





Climate Variability/ Changes in Rainfall Intensity

- SFWMD released a Technical Memorandum in April 2022 titled “Adoption of Future Extreme Rainfall Change Factors for Flood Resiliency Planning in South Florida”
- The report developed factors to apply to the design storms to take into effect increases in rainfall intensity due to climate change
- This is one study (prior to 2022 storms), but highlighted need to review local data and models





FlaWARN Participation

